HealthySteps Evidence Summary

HealthySteps is supported by a strong evidence base, including a 15-site national evaluation and several more recent site-level evaluations. For more information on key outcomes, please visit our website: https://www.healthysteps.org/the-evidence

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Child Health &amp; Development</th>
<th>Breastfeeding &amp; Early Nutrition</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Children were 1.4x more likely to have nonmedical referrals, including for behavior, speech, hearing, child abuse or neglect, and early intervention</td>
<td>• Mothers reported feeling more supported to breastfeed(^a) and breastfed longer than the minimum 6 months recommended by the American Academy of Pediatrics(^b)</td>
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<td>• Families were 4x more likely to receive information on community resources(^a)</td>
<td>• Mothers were 22% less likely to give newborns water and 16% less likely to introduce cereal by 2-4 months old (too young for solid foods)(^l)</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Parents received more services(^a), (^b), (^g) and had longer clinic visits(^d)</td>
<td>• Children identified as being “at risk” of social-emotional challenges demonstrated lower rates of obesity at age 5 than comparable children who did not receive HealthySteps(^l)</td>
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<th>Connections to Resources</th>
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<th>Child Safety</th>
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<td>• Children were 23% less likely to visit the emergency room for injuries in a 1-year period(^l)</td>
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<td>• Mothers were 24% less likely to place newborns on their stomachs to sleep, reducing SIDS risk(^l)</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Parents scored higher on an injury control index, and families were more likely to use stair gates and have access to the local poison control center’s telephone number(^c), (^g)</td>
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### Parenting Knowledge & Practices

- Parents were 22% less likely to rely on harsh punishment (yelling, spanking with hand)<sup>1</sup>
- Parents were less likely to use severe discipline (face slap, spanking with objects)<sup>1, 2</sup>
- Parents were more likely to notice behavioral cues and provide age-appropriate nurturing<sup>1, 4</sup>
- Families received more anticipatory guidance that matched their needs<sup>4, 11</sup>
- 12 key child development and family-specific topics were discussed more frequently<sup>5</sup>
- Parents demonstrated a better understanding of infant development<sup>9</sup>

### Maternal Depression

- Mothers with depressive symptoms were more likely to discuss their symptoms<sup>1, 2, 4</sup>
- Mothers were 14x more likely to have a nonmedical referral, including for maternal depression<sup>1</sup>
- Providers were more likely to discuss postpartum depression with mothers<sup>3</sup>
- Mothers with depressive symptoms reported fewer symptoms after 3 months in the program<sup>9</sup>

### Parent & Physician Satisfaction

- Parents were 2x more likely to report that someone at the practice went out of the way for them, and they were 1.5x more likely to rely on someone in the practice for advice (rather than friend or relative)<sup>1</sup>
- Parents were 1.8x more likely to remain with the practice through 20 months<sup>11</sup>
- Parents rated their provider as more competent and caring<sup>4</sup> and were more likely to believe that the health plan cared about them as a parent<sup>9</sup>
- Participating physicians indicated they were highly satisfied with the program and with the role of the HealthySteps Specialist with parents<sup>4</sup>

### Early Literacy & School Readiness

- Mothers were 22% more likely to show picture books to their infants every day<sup>4</sup>
- Mothers were 12% more likely to have read to their infant in previous week<sup>9</sup>
- Beyond 5 years, families were more likely to report that their child had looked at or read books in the previous week<sup>11</sup>
- Parents were more successful in establishing routines, reading to children, and limiting television viewing time<sup>4</sup>
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Citations


2. Archives of Pediatrics & Adolescent Medicine, 160(8), 793–800.


